

COMMON "MLA" BIBLIOGRAPHY FORMATS

Science

Scottsdale Preparatory Academy

WEB Source Format:

Editor, author, or compiler name (if available). "Article Name." Name of Site. Name of organization affiliated with the site (sponsor or publisher). Date of last update. Medium of publication. Date you visited the website. <<URL website address>>.

(Be careful! The site name is not the same as the article name and not the same as the organization name! If something is not available, you must show that it is not available using abbreviations: n.d.=no date; n.a.=no author, etc. You may not use "Wiki" sites, "Ask" sites, personal blogs, personal websites, historical novels, personal interviews, or movies ,although certain educational documentaries may be ok)

Examples:

Bernstein, Mark. "10 Tips on Writing the Living Web." A List Apart: For People Who Make Websites. A List Apart Mag., 16 Aug. 2002. Web. 4 May 2009. <<<http://www.alistapart.com/articles/writeliving>>>.

Felluga, Dino. Guide to Literary and Critical Theory. Purdue U, 28 Nov. 2003. Web. 10 May 2006. <<<http://www.cla.purdue.edu/english/theory/>>>.

"How to Make Vegetarian Chili." eHow.com. eHow, n.d. Web. 24 Feb. 2009. <<http://www.ehow.com/how_10727_make-vegetarian-chili.html>>.

Basic ENCYCLOPEDIA Source Format:

Author(s). "title of article." *title of encyclopedia*. name of editor or edition, number of volumes in the set. place of publication: publisher, year of publication.

UNLESS encyclopedia is well known and arranged alphabetically. In this case include author, article and encyclopedia titles and edition

Examples:

Kibby, Michael W. "Dyslexia." *World Book Encyclopedia*. 2000 ed.

Midge, T. "Powwows." *Encyclopedia of North American Indians*. Ed. D.L. Birchfield. 11 vols. New York: Cavendish, 1997.



Basic BOOK Format:

Author(s). *Title of Book*. Place of Publication:

Publisher, Year of Publication. Medium of Publication.

Examples:

Gleick, James. *Chaos: Making a New Science*. New York: Penguin, 1987. Print.

Gillespie, Paula, and Neal Lerner. *The Allyn and Bacon Guide to Peer Tutoring*. Boston: Allyn, 2000. Print.

Palmer, William J. *Dickens and New Historicism*. New York: St. Martin's, 1997. Print.

---. *The Films of the Eighties: A Social History*. Carbondale: Southern Illinois UP, 1993. Print.

Article in a MAGAZINE Format:

Author(s). "Title of Article." *Title of Periodical* Day Month Year: pages. Medium of publication.

Example:

Buchman, Dana. "A Special Education." *Good Housekeeping* Mar. 2006: 143-8. Print.

Article in Scholarly JOURNAL Format:

Author(s). "Title of Article." *Title of Journal* Volume.Issue (Year): pages. Medium of publication.

Example:

Duvall, John N. "The (Super)Marketplace of Images: Television as Unmediated Mediation in DeLillo's White Noise." *Arizona Quarterly* 50.3 (1994): 127- 53. Print.

For OTHER source types, see more at:

<http://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/747/1/>

Do not cite the “invalid research sources” listed below:

- *“Wiki” sites (e.g., Wikipedia, Wikianswers, etc.)*
- *Personal blogs or personal websites*
- *“Ask” sites (e.g., ask.com, ask yahoo, etc.)*
- *Historical novels (fictional stories set in a historical context)*
- *Movies (although educational documentaries may be used, if preapproved by your teacher)*
- *Personal interviews (interviews with documented experts directly in the field of study may be used, if preapproved)*
- *Your Scottsdale Preparatory Academy Science textbook (although you may use other science textbooks)*